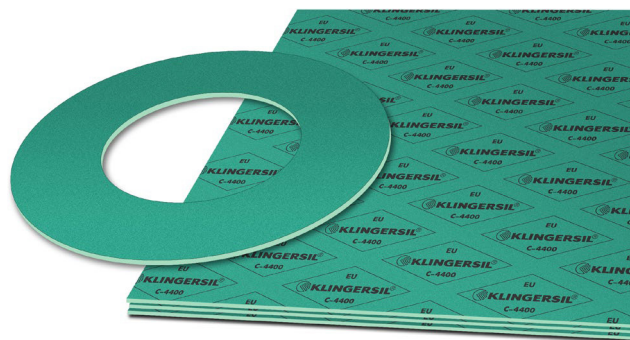


KLINGERSIL C-4400



DESCRIPTION

Consisting of aramid fibers bonded with NBR, this universal gasket material is a synonym for safe and reliable sealing. Its unique matrix makes it resistant to oils, water, steam, gases, salt solutions, fuels, alcohols, moderate organic and inorganic acids, hydrocarbons and lubricants as well as refrigerants.

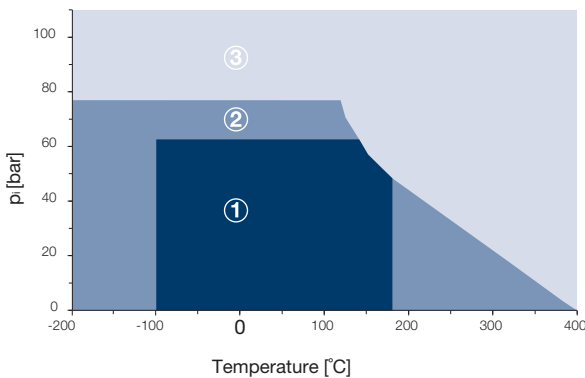


ITEM		DATA
Basic composition		Aramid fibers bonded with NBR
Sheet size		1000 x 1500 mm, 2000 x 1500 mm
Colour		Green
Thickness		0.5 mm, 1.0 mm, 1.5 mm, 2.0 mm, 3.0 mm
Certificates		Oxygen-tested, DIN-DVGW, DVGW H2-ready (ZP 5123), DIN 16421 (W 270), DIN 30653 (VP 401), KTW-BWGL, ÖVGW, TA-Luft (Clean air), DNV approval, SVGW approval, Fire-Safe acc. to DIN EN ISO 10497
Tolerances	Thickness	According to DIN 28091-1
	Width	± 50 mm
	Length	± 50 mm
Industries		General industry, Chemical, Oil & Gas, Energy, Infrastructure, Pulp & Paper, Marine, Automotive, Food & Beverage

TECHNICAL DATA Typical values for a thickness of 2.0 mm

STRESS RELAXATION DIN 52913	50 MPa, 16 h/175°C	MPa	37
	50 MPa, 16 h/300°C	MPa	25
KLINGER COLD/HOT COMPRESSION 50 MPA	thickness decrease at 23°C	%	10
	thickness decrease at 300°C	%	20
TIGHTNESS	DIN 28090-2	mg/(s x m)	0.02
SPECIFIC LEAKRATE	VDI 2440	mbar x l/(s x m)	1.64E-08
THICKNESS INCREASE AFTER FLUID IMMERSION ASTM F 146	Oil IRM 903: 5h/150°C	%	3
	Fuel B: 5h/23°C	%	5
COMPRESSIBILITY	ASTM F36J	%	11
RECOVERY	ASTM F36J	%	55
DENSITY		g/cm ³	1.6
AVERAGE SURFACE RESISTANCE	ρO	Ω	1.4x10E12
AVERAGE SPECIFIC VOLUME RESISTANCE	ρD	Ω cm	1.2x10E12
AVERAGE DIELECTRIC STRENGTH	Ed	kV/mm	21.6
AVERAGE POWER FACTOR	50 Hz	tan δ	0.131
AVERAGE DIELECTRIC COEFFICIENT	50 Hz	εr	9.2
THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY	λ	W/mK	0.42
CLASSIFICATION ACC. TO BS 7531:2006	Grade AY		
ASME-CODE SEALING FACTORS	tightness class 0.1mg/s x m	MPa	y 15
			m 1.6

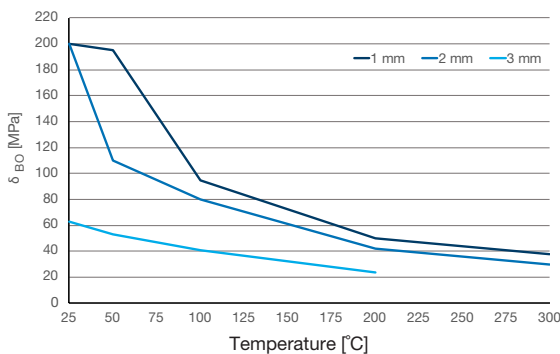
P-T DIAGRAM- THICKNESS 2.0 MM



The area of the P-T diagram

1. In area one, the gasket material is normally a suitable subject to chemical compatibility.
 2. In area two, the gasket material may be suitable but a technical evaluation is recommended.
 3. In area three, do not install the gasket without technical evaluation.
- Always refer to the gasket's chemical resistance to the media.

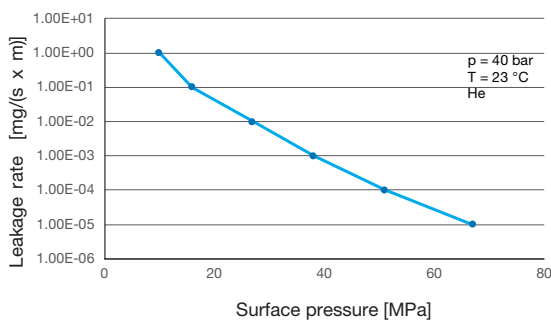
SIGMA BO



Maximum surface pressure in operating conditions of Sigma BO

This diagram shows the maximum surface pressure in MPa with which the sealing material may be loaded, depending on the operating temperature. The characteristic curves apply to the specified sealing thicknesses. In contrast to Qsmax according to EN 13555, the surface pressures specified here are based on a maximum permissible reduction in thickness.

TIGHTNESS PERFORMANCE



The tightness performance graph

The graph shows the required stress at assembly to seal a certain tightness class. The determination of the graph is based on EN13555 test procedure which applies 40 bar Helium at room temperature. The sloping curve indicates the ability of the gasket to increase tightness with raising gasket stress.

CHEMICAL RESISTANCE CHART

Simplified overview of the chemical resistance depending on the most important groups of raw materials:

A: small or no attack **B:** weak to moderate attack **C:** strong attack

Paraffinic hydrocarbon	Motor fuel	Aromates	Chlorinated hydrocarbon fluids	Motor oil	Mineral lubricants	Alcohol	Ketone	Ester	Water	Acid (diluted)	Base (diluted)
A	B	C	C	A	B	A	C	C	A	A	A

All information is based on years of experience in production and operation of sealing elements. However, in view of the wide variety of possible installation and operating conditions one cannot draw final conclusions in all application cases regarding the behaviour in gasket joints. The data may not, therefore, be used to support any warranty claims. This edition cancels all previous issues. Subject to change without notice.